DISTRICT PLAN TEXT AMENDMENTS

KFY:

1. Text Amendments as Notified by Council and included in Proposed Plan Change 14

For the purposes of this plan change any unchanged text is shown as normal text or in bold, any text proposed to be added by the plan change as notified is shown as <u>bold underlined</u> and text to be deleted as bold <u>strikethrough</u>.

Text in green font identifies existing terms defined in *Chapter 2 – Definitions*.

Where the proposed plan change contains a term defined in *Chapter 2 – Definitions*, the term is shown as <u>bold</u> <u>underlined text in green</u> and the wording to be deleted is shown as <u>bold strikethrough in green</u>. New definitions in Chapter 2 and within a provision (including a rule) is shown as bold green text underlined in black.

Text in blue font indicates existing links to other provisions in the District Plan and/or external documents. These will have pop-ups and links, respectively, in the on-line Christchurch District Plan. Where the proposed plan change contains a new link, it is shown as bold underlined text in blue. Where a link is proposed to be deleted, it is shown as bold strikethrough in blue.

2. Changes recommended by the Independent Hearings Panel

The changes recommended by the Independent Hearings Panel are based on Council's 'Reply Provisions' version, which include:

- Text recommended to be added/deleted by proposed PC14
- Text recommended to be added/deleted within s42A reports.
- Text recommended to be added/deleted from expert conferencing/joint witness statements.
- Text recommended to be added/deleted within s42A reports in response to matters raised during Hearings.

Where the Independent Hearings Panel recommends that the proposed PC14 provision be accepted the text is changed to bold underlined for the added text, and changes to bold underlined for the added text, and changes to bold underlined for the added text.

Where the Independent Hearings Panel recommends that green definitions or the blue links to other provisions and/or external documents are accepted they *remain* unchanged.

Changes recommended by the Independent Hearings Panel (including to proposed PC14 provisions, definitions and links) are shown as <u>bold underlined</u> for text in the Council's 'Reply Provisions' that are recommended to be accepted or for additional new text, and <u>bold deleted</u> for text to be deleted (ie the purple and orange colours in the Council's 'Reply Provisions' have been removed).

2. Further Instructions and Explanations for Council

There are no further instructions or explanations, as all the changes are shown within the chapter.

Chapter 12 Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga Zone

12.1 Introduction

- a. This introduction is to assist the lay reader to understand how this chapter works and what it applies to. It is not an aid to interpretation in a legal sense.
- b. The provisions in this chapter give effect to the Chapter 3 Strategic Directions Objectives.
- c. This chapter relates to the Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga Zone. Papakāinga can be used to describe traditional forms of Māori communal living on ancestral or tribal lands. Papakāinga development usually involves housing and marae facilities, but in its true sense includes a raft of facilities and activities associated with whānau or hapū providing for their social, cultural and economic well-being on tribal land. Ngāi Tahu use the term kāinga nohoanga to describe their traditional areas of communal living on tribal lands.
- d. The Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga Zone is provided within this District Plan in some of the areas of traditional settlement of the Papatipu Rūnanga who represent those who hold mana whenua over land in the Christchurch District. The zones incorporate a variety of land types, but only land which has the status of Māori customary or freehold land, or Māori land reserved for communal purposes, under Te Ture Whenua Māori Act 1993, is able to be used or developed as papakāinga/kāinga nohoanga. For other land in this zone, the Rural Banks Peninsula Zone provisions apply.

12.2 Objectives and policies

12.2.1 Objective - Use and development of Ngāi Tahu whānau ancestral land and other land

- a. Papakāinga/kāinga nohoanga zones facilitate and enable:
 - i. Ngāi Tahu whānau use and development of ancestral land to provide for kāinga nohoanga and their economic, social and cultural well-being and to exercise kaitiakitanga; and
 - ii. use and development of land for activities appropriate in a rural area.

12.2.1.1 Policy — Provision for a range of residential and non-residential activities on Maori land

a. Enable the use and development of Māori land for a range of residential activities and non-residential activities in accordance with tikanga Māori, including kāinga nohoanga and mahinga kai, to support the social, cultural and economic aspirations of mana whenua.

12.2.1.2 Policy — Sustainable management

- a. Land use and development is undertaken in a way which ensures:
 - i. integration of land use with infrastructure in a manner appropriate to the site and development;
 - for papakāinga/kāinga nohoanga, the exercise of kaitiakitanga and tikanga Māori, including in the design and layout of buildings, facilities and activities;
 - iii. effects of natural hazards, including land instability and flooding, and potential liquefaction are avoided or mitigated to an acceptable level of risk;
 - iv. maintenance of the privacy and amenity values of adjoining landowners; and
 - v. adverse effects on the environment are remedied or mitigated.

12.2.1.3 Policy — Future development

a. Support the application of the Papakāinga / Kāinga Nohoanga Zone in other locations where it enables the use and development of Ngāi Tahu ancestral land for a range of residential activities and non-residential activities in accordance with tikanga Māori, to support the social, cultural and economic well-being of Ngāi Tahu whānui.

12.2.1.4 Policy — Rural activities

a. Enable rural activities on any land in a manner that is consistent with the Rural Banks Peninsula Zone provisions.

12.2.1.5 Policy — Integrated approach to development

a. On Māori land, encourage an integrated approach to the development of land, including through the use of a co-ordinated development plan, if required, for papakāinga/kāinga nohoanga developments that are larger scale or require multiple land use consents.

12.3 How to interpret and apply the rules

- a. The rules that apply to activities in the Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga Zone are contained in the tables (including activity specific standards) within:
 - i. Rule 12.4 Māori land
 - ii. Rule 12.4.2 Built form standards Māori land; and
 - iii. Rule 12.4.3 Other land.
- b. The activity status tables and standards in the following chapters as specified also apply to activities on Māori land within the Papakāinga/Kāinga Nohoanga Zone:
 - 4 Hazardous Substances and Contaminated Land;
 - 5 Natural Hazards:
 - Only the following provisions (except as modified by the rules in this chapter) in the General Rules and Procedures Chapter apply:
 - Rule 6.1 Noise;
 - Rule 6.3 Outdoor Lighting and Glare;
 - Rule 6.6 Water Body Setbacks; and
 - Rule 6.8 Signs.
 - Only the following provisions (except as modified by the rules in this chapter) in the Transport Chapter apply,:
 - Rule 7.4.2.1 P7 Access design;
 - Rule 7.4.2.1 P8 Vehicle crossings;
 - Rule 7.4.2.1 P9 Location of buildings and access in relation to road/rail crossings; and
 - Rule 7.4.2.1 P10 High trip generators.
 - 8 Subdivision, Development and Earthworks;
 - 9 Natural and Cultural Heritage, (except as modified by the rules in this chapter); and
 - 11 Utilities and Energy.
- c. The activity status tables and standards in the following chapters also apply to activities on other land within the Papakāinga / Kāinga Nohoanga Zone:
 - 4 Hazardous Substances and Contaminated Land;
 - 5 Natural Hazards;
 - 6 General Rules and Procedures;
 - 7 Transport;
 - 8 Subdivision, Development and Earthworks;

- 9 Natural and Cultural Heritage; and
- 11 Utilities and Energy.

12.4 Rules – Maori Land

12.4.1 Activity status tables — Māori land

12.4.1.1 Permitted activities

- a. On land which is held as Māori land, the activities listed below are permitted activities in the Papakāinga / Kāinga Nohoanga Zone if they meet the activity specific standards set out in the following table and the built form standards in Rule 12.4.2.
- b. Activities may also be controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary, non-complying or prohibited as specified in Rules 12.4.1.2, 12.4.1.3, 12.4.1.4, 12.4.1.5 and 12.4.1.6.

Activ	vity	Activity specific standards
P1	Marae complexes, including wharenui, wharekai, manuhiri noho (visitor accommodation with or without a tariff) and associated accessory buildings	Nil
P2	Residential activity, including minor residential units, and kaumātua units	Nil
Р3	Home occupations	Nil
P4	Relocation of, or repairs, replacement and/or additions to residential units	Nil
P5	Community activities and associated facilities, including whare hauora (health care facilities)	Nil
P6	Kōhanga reo (preschool) and kura kaupapa (education activity and facilities)	Nil
P7	Hākinakina (recreation activities and facilities)	Nil
P8	Ahuwhenua (farming) including huawhenua (horticulture), rural produce manufacturing and existing forestry	Nil
P9	Urupā	Nil
P10	Whare hoko (convenience activities), including rural produce retail and arumoni (commercial services), including veterinary care facilities and rural tourism activity	a. Maximum of 100m ² GLFA per business.

Activity		Activity specific standards		
P11	Office	a. Maximum of 100m ² GLFA per business.		
P12	Mākete (markets)	a. Not exceeding one event per week.		
P13	Farm buildings	Nil		
P14	Conservation activities, including new access tracks	Nil		
P15	(Deleted as part of Plan Change 4 Council decision dated 31 March 2022)			
P16	Emergency service facilities	Nil		
P17	Heli-landing area	a. Shall be located on a minimum nominated land area of 3,000m².		
P18	Flood protection activities, including planting of exotic trees, earthworks and structures, undertaken by the Council or Canterbury Regional Council	Nil		
P19	Public amenities	a. Maximum of 100m ² GLFA per building.		
P20	Mahinga kai	Nil		
P21	Hosted visitor accommodation	 a. A maximum of six guests shall be accommodated at any one time. b. The Council shall be notified in writing prior to commencement. c. The owner of the unit shall keep records of the number of nights booked per year, as commencing on 1 January of that year, and the dates used for hosted visitor accommodation and provide those records to the Council on 		

Activity		Ac	Activity specific standards	
P22	Unhosted visitor accommodation	a.	The total number of nights per year that guests may be accommodated on any one site is 180.	
		b.	A maximum of six guests shall be accommodate at any one time.	
		C.	The Council shall be notified in writing prior to commencement.	
		d.	The owner of the unit shall keep records of the number of nights booked per year, as commencing on 1 January of that year, and the dates used for hosted visitor accommodation and provide those records to the Council on request. The owners and residents of adjoining sites must be provided with up-to-date contact information for the owner or manager of the unit.	
P23	Visitor accommodation accessory to farming	a.	At least one permanent resident of the same site or an adjoining site must be in residence for the duration of the stay.	
		b.	No more than six guests total shall be accommodated on the same site at the same time.	

Activity		Ac	Activity specific standards		
		C.	Visitors must be accommodated in a residential unit or minor residential unit, other building, campground consisting of tents, or no more than three vehicles.		
P24	Visitor accommodation accessory to a conservation activity or rural tourism activity including tramping huts and camping in tents in association with walking and cycling tracks	a.	No more than three cabins, tramping huts or other buildings used for this activity may co-locate on any site.		
		b.	No more than ten cabins, huts or other buildings can be located accessory to any one conservation activity or rural tourism activity within Christchurch District.		
		C.	The maximum GFA of any building and area of impervious surfaces used in association with that building shall be 100m ² .		
		d.	Campgrounds accommodating tents must be set back at least 20m from the bank of any water body.		
		e.	The maximum number of guests that can be accommodated on any one site in association with a conservation activity is six.		

12.4.1.2 Controlled activities

- a. On land which is held as Māori land, the activities listed below are controlled activities.
- b. Discretion to impose conditions is restricted to the matters over which control is reserved, as set out in the following table.

Acti	vity		lin	ne Council's control shall be nited to the following atters
C1	b. c.	Any activity listed in Rule 12.4.1.1 P1 – P7, P10 – P13, P15 – P17 or P19, including associated access tracks, within either of the following Banks Peninsula Outstanding Natural Landscapes: i. ONL 2.0 (Rāpaki Ōhinetahi / Governors Bay Summits - Ōtaranui ki Ōmawete); or ii. ONL 6.4 (Port Levy / Koukourārata - Eastern Summits - Kākānui ki Ngārara). that meets the activity specific standards for that activity in Rule 12.4.1.1 and the built form standards in Rule 12.4.2. For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions in Rule 9.2.4 do not apply to this activity. Any application arising from this rule shall not be limited or publicly notified.	b.	Mitigation of adverse effects on the qualities of the Outstanding Natural Landscape with respect to: i. the reflectivity and colour of building materials; and ii. landscaping and planting to integrate with indigenous vegetation where present. No mitigation is to be applied to aspects of buildings or activities that are culturally fundamental (e.g. wharenui).
C2	b. c.	Any activity listed in Rule 12.4.1.1 P1 – P7, P10 – P13, P15 – P17 and P19, including associated access tracks, within either of the following Areas of At Least High Natural Character: i. HNC 2.0 (Rāpaki - Ōhinetahi / Governors Bay Coastline - Taukahara and Ōtūherekio); or ii. HNC 22.0 (Wainui Coastline). that meets the activity specific standards for that activity and the built form standards in Rule 12.4.2. For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions in 9.2.6 do not apply to this activity. Any application arising from this rule shall not be limited or publicly notified.	a.	Mitigation of adverse effects on the qualities of the Area of At Least High Natural Character in the Coastal Environment with respect to: i. the reflectivity and colour of building materials; and ii. landscaping and planting to integrate with indigenous vegetation where present.

Activity The Council's control s limited to the followin matters	
	b. No mitigation is to be applied to aspects of buildings or activities that are culturally fundamental (e.g. wharenui).

12.4.1.3 Restricted discretionary activities

- a. On land which is held as Māori land, the activities listed below are restricted discretionary activities.
- b. Discretion to grant or decline consent and impose conditions is restricted to the matters of discretion set out in the following table.

Activ	ity	The Council's discretion shall be limited to the following matters
RD1	 a. Any activity listed in Rule 12.4.1.1 P1 – P20 or Rule 12.4.1.2 C1 or C2 that does not meet one or more of the activity specific standards. b. Any application arising from this rule will not require written approvals and shall not be limited or publicly notified. 	 a. Traffic generation and access – Rule 12.5.6. b. Scale of non-residential business activity – Rule 12.5.7. c. The relevant matters of control for C1 and C2 for that activity.
RD2	 a. Any activity listed in Rule 12.4.1.1 P1 – P20 or Rule 12.4.1.2 C1 or C2 that does not meet one or more of the built form standards in Rule 12.4.2. Advice note: 1. Refer to relevant built form standard for provision regarding notification and written approval. 	As relevant to the built form standard that is not met: a. Internal boundary setback – Rule 12.5.1 b. Road boundary setback – Rule 12.5.2 c. Building height – Rule 12.5.3 d. Coverage – Rule 12.5.4 e. Water supply for firefighting – Rule 12.5.5 f. The relevant matters of control for C1 and C2 for that activity
RD3	 Any activity that is otherwise specified as a controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary or non-complying activity in any of: 	a. Relevant matters of control or discretion in Chapters 6 and 7 for that activity.

Activ	ity	The Council's discretion shall be limited to the following matters
	 i. Sub-chapter 6.1, 6.3 and 6.6; or ii. Chapter 7 in relation to activities that require resource consent due to inability to comply with permitted activity Rule 7.2.2.1 P7, P8, P9 or P10; b. For the avoidance of doubt, the activity classifications in the specified chapters as set out above do not apply to an activity under this rule. c. For any application arising from Sub-chapter 6.1, 6.3 and 6.6 and Chapter 7, the related rules concerning public or limited notification of applications apply. d. In all other cases, any application arising from 	 b. Relevant objectives and policies in Chapters 6 and 7 for that activity. c. In those cases where no subdivision consent has been sought, whether a coordinated development plan, including any staging, is required in order to address matters that would otherwise have been addressed in a subdivision consent.
	this rule shall not be limited or publicly notified	
RD4	a. Any activity that is otherwise listed as a controlled, restricted discretionary or discretionary activity in sub-chapter 6.8.	a. Relevant matters of control or discretion in Chapter 6 for that activity.
	b. For the avoidance of doubt, the activity classifications in sub-chapter 6.8 do not apply to an activity under this rule.c. Any application arising from this rule shall not be limited or publicly notified.	b. Relevant objectives and policies in Chapter 6 for that activity.
RD5	Boarding of domestic animals, equestrian facilities or intensive farming.	 a. Relevant matters of discretion in 12.5 for that activity. b. Intensive farming, equestrian facilities and boarding of domestic animals - Rule 17.11.2.3.
RD6	Plantation forestry	a. Plantation forestry - Rule 17.11.2.4.
RD7	 a. Any plantation forestry that is otherwise specified as a non-complying activity in Rule 9.2.4.1 within either of the following Banks Peninsula Outstanding Natural Landscapes: i. ONL 2.0 (Rāpaki Ōhinetahi / Governors Bay Summits - Ōtaranui ki Ōmawete); or ii. ONL 6.4 (Port Levy/Koukourārata - Eastern Summits - Kākānui ki Ngārara). 	 a. Plantation forestry - Rule 17.11.2.4. b. Outstanding natural features and landscapes – Rule 9.2.8.1.

Activity		The Council's discretion shall be limited to the following matters		
b.	For the avoidance of doubt, the activity classifications in Rule 9.2.4.1 do not apply to an activity under this rule.			
RD8 a.	Any plantation forestry that is otherwise specified as a non-complying activity in Rule 9.2.6.1 within either of the following Areas of At Least High Natural Character: i. HNC 2.0 (Rāpaki - Ōhinetahi / Governors Bay Coastline - Taukahara and Ōtūherekio); or ii. HNC 22.0 (Wainui Coastline). For the avoidance of doubt, the activity classifications in Rule 9.2.6.1 do not apply to an activity under this rule.	 a. Plantation forestry - Rule 17.11.2.4. b. Natural character in the coastal environment – Rule 9.2.8.3. 		

12.4.1.4 Discretionary activities

a. On land which is held as Māori land, the activities listed below are discretionary activities.

	Activity			
D1	Any other activity not provided for as a permitted, controlled or restricted discretionary, non-complying or prohibited activity.			
D2	a. Any quarry specified as a non-complying activity in Rule 9.2.4.1 within either of the following Banks Peninsula Outstanding Natural Landscapes:			
	i. ONL 2.0 (Rāpaki Ōhinetahi / Governors Bay Summits - Ōtaranui ki Ōmawete); or			
	ii. ONL 6.4 (Port Levy / Koukourārata - Eastern Summits - Kākānui ki Ngārara).			
	b. For the avoidance of doubt, the activity classification in the specified rule set out above does not apply to an activity under this rule.			
D3	a. Any quarry specified as a non-complying activity in Rule 9.2.6.1 within either of the following Areas of At Least High Natural Character:			
	i. HNC 2.0 (Rāpaki - Ōhinetahi / Governors Bay Coastline - Taukahara and Ōtūherekio); or			
	ii. HNC 22.0 (Wainui Coastline).			
	b. For the avoidance of doubt, the activity classification in the specified rule set out above does not apply to an activity under this rule.			
D4	a. Visitor accommodation that:			
	i. is not associated with a marae complex, hosted visitor			

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accommodation, unhosted visitor accommodation, or visitor accommodation accessory to farming, a conservation activity or a rural tourism activity; or

- ii. does not meet the activity specific standards in P21-P24.
- b. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified but may be limited notified.

12.4.1.5 Non-complying activities

There are no non-complying activities.

12.4.1.6 Prohibited activities

There are no prohibited activities

12.4.2 Built form standards — Māori land

12.4.2.1 Internal boundary setback

- a. The minimum setback from internal boundaries for buildings and structures shall be 2 metres and shall apply at the legal boundary of any property where it adjoins another property which is not held in the same ownership or used for the same development.
- b. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified and may be limited notified only to directly abutting land owners (where the consent authority considers this is required, and absent written approval).

12.4.2.2 Road boundary setback

- a. The minimum setback distance for any building from the road boundary shall be 3 metres, or 5 metres where a garage has a vehicle door that faces a road.
- b. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified and may be limited notified only to directly abutting land owners (where the consent authority considers this is required, and absent written approval).

12.4.2.3 Building height

- a. The maximum height of any building shall be 9 metres. This standard shall not apply to art, carvings or other cultural symbols fixed to Māori land or to buildings on Māori land.
- b. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified and may be limited notified only to directly abutting land owners (where the consent authority considers this is required, and absent written approval).

12.4.2.4 Recession planes

- a. Buildings and structures shall not project beyond a building envelope constructed by recession planes from points 2.3m above the internal boundary, as shown in Appendix 14.16.2-Diagram B.
- b. The recession plane shall only apply to the midpoint of each section of wall and roof of a building, as shown in Appendix 14.16.2B.
- c. This rule shall only apply at the legal boundary of any property where it adjoins another property which is not held in the same ownership or used for the same development.
- d. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified and may be limited notified only to directly abutting land owners (where the consent authority considers this is required, and absent written approval).

Advice note:

1. Refer to Appendix 14.16.2 for permitted intrusions.

12.4.2.5 Maximum coverage

- a. The maximum percentage of net site area covered by buildings shall be 35%.
- b. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified and may be limited notified only to directly abutting land owners (where the consent authority considers this is required, and absent written approval).

12.4.2.6 Water supply for firefighting

- a. Provision for sufficient water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting shall be made available to all buildings (excluding accessory buildings that are not habitable buildings) via Council's urban reticulated system (where available) in accordance with the New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice (SNZ PAS: 4509:2008).
- b. Where a reticulated water supply compliant with SNZ PAS:4509:2008 is not available, or the only supply available is the controlled restricted rural type water supply which is not compliant with SNZ PAS:4509:2008, water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting shall be in accordance with the alternative firefighting water sources provisions of SNZ PAS 4509:2008.
- c. Any application arising from this rule shall not be publicly notified and shall, absent written approval, be limited notified only to the New Zealand Fire Service Commission.

12.4.3 Activity status and built form rules — non-Māori land

a. In the Papakāinga /Kāinga Nohoanga Zone, on land which is not held as Māori Land, the activity status and built form rules applicable to the Rural Banks Peninsula Zone apply.

12.5 Rules – Matters of discretion – Māori Land

12.5.1 Internal boundary setback

- a. The extent to which the site layout and use of spaces maintains adequate levels of privacy and outlook for adjoining sites, taking into account:
 - i. the need to enable an efficient, practical and/or pleasant use of the remainder of the site;
 - ii. the need to provide future occupants with adequate levels of daylight and outlook from internal living spaces;
 - iii. the need to provide future occupants with adequate levels of privacy from neighbouring residential units or sites:
 - iv. adequate separation distance from any existing direct facing windows or balconies (within the site or on adjoining sites) or to ensure appropriate levels of privacy are maintained; and
 - v. any adverse effects of the proximity or bulk of the building in terms of loss of access to daylight on and outlook from adjoining sites.

12.5.2 Road boundary setback

- a. Any loss of privacy for adjoining properties through overlooking.
- b. Alternative practical locations for the building on the site.

12.5.3 Building height

- a. The extent to which an increase in building height and any associated increase in the scale and bulk of the building:
 - i. reflects the cultural and functional requirements of the building and purposes of the zone; and
 - ii. affects amenity values of adjoining properties, resulting from visual dominance, loss of daylight and sunlight admission, and loss of privacy from overlooking.

12.5.4 Coverage

- a. Whether the additional coverage of the zone with buildings is appropriate to its context, taking into account:
 - i. the function of the building to support Ngai Tāhu whānau to deliver economic, social and cultural development;
 - the extent to which the topography and the location, scale, design and appearance of the building, landscaping, natural features or existing buildings mitigate the visual effects of additional buildings; and

iii. any loss of privacy or other amenity values to adjoining residents and the effectiveness of any mitigation measures.

12.5.5 Water supply for firefighting

a. Whether sufficient firefighting water supply is available to ensure the health and safety of the community, including neighbouring properties.

12.5.6 Traffic generation and access

- a. The extent to which the traffic generated is appropriate to the character, amenity, safety and efficient functioning of the access and road network in the area.
- b. The ability to mitigate any adverse effects of the additional traffic generation.
- c. The location of the proposed access points in terms of road and intersection efficiency and safety, including availability or otherwise of space on the road for safe right hand turning into the site.
- d. Any significant increase in glare from headlights.

12.5.7 Scale of non-residential business activity

- a. The extent to which increased scale is appropriate in the context of the surrounding environment taking into account:
 - i. hours of operation;
 - ii. traffic or pedestrian movements generated;
 - iii. any adverse effects, in terms of unreasonable noise and loss of privacy, which would be inconsistent with the respective environments; and
 - iv. the extent to which the business contributes to the local employment and the economic base of Ngāi Tahu whānau and/or the needs of residents in the surrounding area.